

Simple Present - How to form

Subject	Verb	Example
<p>I / you / we / they / plural subjects</p> <p>Negative form use “don’t + Verb</p>	<p>Verb</p>	<p>The Hindus consider God to be in all things, everywhere, omnipresent</p> <p>You don’t consider your neighbor a good friend.</p>
<p>He / she / it / singular subjects</p> <p>Negative form use “doesn’t + verb”</p>	<p>Verb + s /es (Regular)</p>	<p>My Hindu friend uses idols as a way to focus on the positive manifestation of God.</p> <p>My Hindu friend doesn’t smoke and doesn’t drink.</p>
<p>He / she / it / singular subjects</p> <p>Negative form use “doesn’t go / doesn’t do”</p>	<p>Go goes Do does (irregular forms)</p>	<p>My Japanese friend goes to the baseball games often.</p> <p>He does many artistic things.</p> <p>My Japanese friend doesn’t go to football games.</p>
<p>He / she / it / singular subjects</p> <p>Negative form use “doesn’t + verb”</p>	<p>(Verbs ending with “y” – change “y to I” and add “es”) Example: cry cries Try tries (Examples – dry / fry / pry worry / bury)</p>	<p>My baby sister cries a lot.</p> <p>My mother tries to keep my baby sister quiet.</p> <p>My baby sister doesn’t cry when she eats. My mother doesn’t worry when the baby is eating.</p>