CONSTRUCTION BMPS

CONTROL SEDIMENT

- Apply erosion control to all bare soil, particularly on slopes, using mulch, plastic sheeting, geotextiles, or other methods until permanent stabilization can be installed (vegetation or hardscape).
- Protect nearby drains to prevent any soil from entering.
- Contain 100% of the site perimeter- with gravel bag berms, fiber rolls, silt fencing, or compost socks as appropriate for the site.
- Stabilize entrances and exits with gravel and rumble strips, and sweep the street at the end of each work day.

PROPERLY MANAGE MATERIALS AND WASTES

- Cover and contain stockpiles when not actively in use.
 - o Use tarps, straw wattles, and sand or gravel bags to secure materials.
- Keep dumpsters and material wastes covered.
- Cover and elevate rusty or galvanized metal stock, and chemically treated lumber.
- Designate a contained concrete washout area.
- Request containment trays for portable toilets.

REASON FOR ACTION:

Construction activities have a high potential to disturb and transport soil and other pollutants, which can cloud downstream waterways- killing aquatic plants, burying habitat, and carrying toxic heavy metals. Proper BMPs can prevent pollution from being carried off-site when it rains, and reduces the risk of enforcement actions. School facilities can do their part to be good neighbors and protect water quality by ensuring proper construction BMPs for both large and small projects.

See Reverse for Training Log

















