Topic I - RATIONAL EXPRESSIONS

- 1. Divide and simplify $(x-\frac{1}{x}) \div (1-\frac{1}{x})$
- Perform the indicated operations and simplify $\frac{\frac{2}{x-1}}{x^2-4}$
- 3. Simplify $\frac{5u^2}{v^3} \frac{-4v}{uv} (3v^2)$
- 4. Subtract and simplify $\frac{10}{x^2 4} \frac{3 x}{x^2 + 2x}$
- 5. Add and Simplify $\frac{1}{(a-b)(a+2b)} + \frac{1}{(a+2b)(a-3b)} + \frac{1}{(a-3b)(a-b)}$
- 6. Perform the indicated operations and simplify $(\frac{x}{y} \frac{y}{x})^{-1}$
- 7. Divide and simplify $\frac{\frac{a^2b}{a-b}}{\frac{a^2-b^2}{a^2-b^2}}$
- 8. Perform the indicated operations and simplify $\frac{x}{x-3} \frac{2x}{x^2-2x-3} = \frac{2x}{x+1} \frac{1}{x}$

Topic II - EXPONENTS AND RADICALS

- 1. Evaluate $32^{-3/5}$ 2. Simplify $\sqrt{10}\sqrt{15}$
- 3. Simplify $\sqrt{(u^2 v^2)(u + v)}, u > v > 0$ 4. Simplify $\sqrt{16x^2 + 36y^2}$
- 5. Simplify $\frac{(5ab^2)(2a^3b)^2}{a^3b^2}$ 6. Simplify $\frac{x^{-2}y^3z}{x^{-1}y^{-2}z^0}$
- 7. Simplify $\frac{x^{u^2-3}}{x^{u-3}}$ 8. Simplify $(x^{u-1})^{a+1}$

9. Rationalize
$$\frac{a}{\sqrt[3]{4}}$$

10. Simplify
$$\frac{9^4 x^{3/2} y^{5/2}}{81^6 x^{-1/2} y^{-1/2}}$$

11. Simplify
$$(-27x^{12}y^{-18})^{-2/3}$$

12. Simplify
$$\sqrt[4]{a^6} - 2a\sqrt{a}$$

13. Simplify and express without radicals
$$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[1]{x}}$$

14. Simplify
$$\sqrt{18} - 3\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{50}$$

Topic III - LINEAR EQUATIONS, INEQUALITIES, AND ABSOLUTE VALUE

1. Solvle for x:
$$x = \frac{m}{n}x + 2$$

2. Solve for a:
$$\sqrt{a-1}-2=2$$

3. Solve for x:
$$\frac{2}{x} - \frac{2}{2x+1} = \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$3x + 5y = -7$$
$$4x - 2y = 8$$

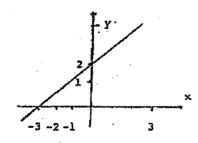
$$5x = 3y$$

$$3x + 2y = 21$$

6. If
$$a = -2$$
 then evaluate:

$$|a-1| = |-a|+1$$

7. Find the equation of the line in the figure shown.



8. Solve for x: $|4-3x| \le 7$

Topic IV - POLYNOMIALS AND POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS

1. Solve for x:
$$3x + 5x^{1/2} - 28 = 0$$

2. Solve for x:
$$-2x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0$$

3. Solve for x:
$$(x-1)(x-2)=1$$

Solve for x by completing the square:
$$4x^2 + 3x - 1 = 0$$

5. Solve for x:
$$\sqrt{2x-5} - \sqrt{x-2} = 2$$

6 Divide
$$x^3 - 10x + 3$$
 by $x + 3$

7. Verify that 2 is a root of the polynomial
$$6x^3 - 19x^2 + 9x + 10$$
 and factor this polynomial completely.

8. Find all values of
$$a$$
 so that the polynomial $ax^2 + 5x + 2$ has two distinct real roots.

9. Solve for x:
$$x^2 + 2x - 3 > 0$$

10. Graph the equation:
$$y = x^2 - 2x + 3$$

Topic V - FUNCTIONS

1.
$$f(u) = \frac{-3u^2 + 2u + 3}{au^2 + bu + 1}$$
. Find $f(0)$

2.
$$f(x) = -\frac{3}{x-4}$$
. Find $f(\frac{1}{x+2})$ and simplify.

3.
$$f(x) = 3x + 1$$
, $g(x) = x^2 - 1$. Find $f(g(x))$ and $g(f(x))$.

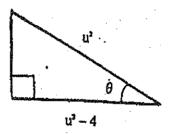
4. If
$$f(x) = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$$
, for which x does $f(x) = -5$?

5.
$$f(t) = \frac{2t-1}{t+3}$$
. Find $\frac{5}{f(3)}$.

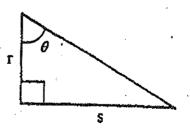
- 6. Graph the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}$
- 7. Graph the function $h(x) = |x^2 1|$
- 8. Find the domain and range of the function $g(x) = \sqrt{10 + 2x x^2}$

Topic VI - TRIGONOMETRY

1. Given θ as shown in the figure to the right, find $\sin \theta$

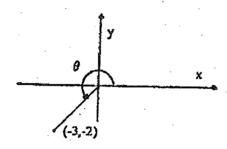


2. Given θ as shown in the figure to the right, find $\tan \theta \cos \theta$



3. Verify the identity: $tan(\pi - x) = -tan x$

- 4. Verify the identity: $\sec y \cos y = \tan y \sin y$
- 5. Verify the identity: $\tan x + \tan y = \frac{\sin(x+y)}{\cos x \cos y}$
- 6. Find all x satisfying: $tan^2 2x = 3$, $0 \le x \le \pi$
- 7. Graph the equation: $y = \cos 3x$
- 8. Graph the equation: $y = 3\sin\frac{x}{2}$
- 9. In the figure shown to the right find $\sec \theta$.



- 10. If $0 < \theta < 2\pi$ find all values of θ for which $2\sin \theta = \tan \theta$
- 11. Express 108° in radians.
- 12. $\cos\frac{5\pi}{6} =$

Topic VII - LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS

- 1. Solve for x: $\log_a x = b$
- 2. Solve for u:
 - for u: $3^{u} = 4$

- 3. Evaluate $\log_{49} \sqrt{7}$
- 4. Evaluate
- $\log_4(\frac{4^{-9}}{32})$

- 5. Which of the following is larger? $5 \log_2 60$, $3 \log_2 20$
- 6. Simplify the following: $\log x^2 y \frac{1}{2} \log x + 3 \log y$
- 7. Graph the equation: $y = (\frac{1}{2})^x$ 8. Graph the equation: $y = \log_{10} x$
- 9. Solve for x: $5^{3x} 1 = 0$ 10. Solve for x: $\log_{10}(3x + 1) = 3$

Topic VIII - WORD PROBLEMS

- 1. Sue is 2 years older than John. 15 years ago she was twice as old as he was. If x and y are the ages of Sue and John now, give a system of equations that could be solved to find x and y.
- 2. A 3x5 photograph is enlarged so that its width measures 7". What is the length of the enlargement?
- 3. If the circumference of a circle is multiplied by 5, how much is the area increased?
- 4. Two numbers add to 17, and 7 times the first minus five times the second is 3. What are the numbers?
- 5. A positive number is taken to the 1/3 power and the result is squared. The final answer is 9. What is the original number?
- 6. The sine of twice an angle is $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$. If the angle is between 0 and 2π what are its possible values?
- 7. The price of a plane ticket has been increased by 15% to \$172.50. What was the cost before the increase?
- 8. The radius of a circle is increased by 20%. What is the percent increase in area?

Solutions for Sample Test: Precalculus

$$1. x+1$$

$$\frac{-1}{x^2 + 2x}$$

$$\frac{-60u}{}$$

$$4. \qquad \frac{x+3}{x(x-2)}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x^{2}} = \frac{-1}{x^{2}+2x} = 3. \qquad \frac{-60u}{v} \\
\frac{x+3}{x(x-2)} = 5. \qquad \frac{3a-2b}{(a-b)(a+2b)(a-3b)} = 6. \qquad \frac{xy}{x^{2}-y^{2}} \\
a^{2}b = 8. \qquad \frac{x^{2}}{x-3}$$

$$\frac{xy}{x^2 - y^2}$$

7.
$$a^2b$$

8.
$$\frac{x^2}{x-3}$$

Topic II - EXPONENTS AND RADICALS

1.
$$\frac{1}{8}$$

2.
$$5\sqrt{6}$$

3.
$$(u+v)\sqrt{u-v}$$

4.
$$2\sqrt{4x^2+9y^2}$$

5.
$$20a^4b^3$$

6.
$$\frac{y^5z}{x}$$

7.
$$x^{u^2-u}$$

8.
$$x^{a^2}$$

$$10. \qquad \frac{x^2y^{7/2}}{9^8}$$

11.
$$\frac{y^{12}}{9x^8}$$

12.
$$-a\sqrt{a}$$

13.
$$x^{9/22}$$

14.
$$2\sqrt{2}$$

1.
$$\frac{2n}{n-m}$$

2.
$$a = 17$$

3.
$$x = -\frac{2}{3}$$

4.
$$x = 1, y = -2$$

4.
$$x=1, y=-2$$
 5. $x=\frac{63}{19}, y=\frac{105}{19}$ 6. 2

7.
$$\frac{1}{2}y - \frac{1}{3}x = 1$$
 8. $-1 \le x \le \frac{11}{3}$

$$8. \qquad -1 \le x \le \frac{11}{3}$$

1.
$$x = \frac{49}{9}$$

$$2. \qquad x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$3. \qquad x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

4.
$$x = -1, x = \frac{1}{4}$$

5.
$$x = 2^{-1}$$

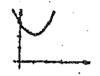
1.
$$x = \frac{49}{9}$$
 2. $x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{3}}{2}$ 3. $x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$
4. $x = -1$, $x = \frac{1}{4}$ 5. $x = 27$ 6. $x^2 - 3x - 1 + \frac{6}{x+3}$
7 $(x-2)(2x+1)(3x-5)$ 8. $a < \frac{25}{8}$ 9. $x < -3$ or $x > 1$

7
$$(x-2)(2x+1)(3x-5)$$

8.
$$a < \frac{25}{8}$$

9.
$$x < -3 \text{ or } x > 1$$

10.



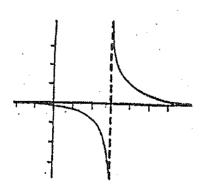
Topic V - FUNCTIONS

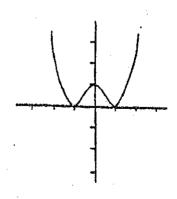
1.
$$f(0) = 3$$

2.
$$\frac{3x+6}{4x+7}$$

3.
$$f(g(x)) = 3x^2 - 2$$
$$g(f(x)) = 9x^2 + 6x$$

4.
$$x = \frac{4}{7}$$
 s.





8. Domain:
$$1 - \sqrt{11} \le x \le 1 + \sqrt{11}$$
 Range: $0 \le y \le \sqrt{11}$

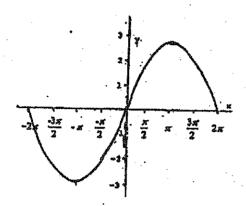
Topic VI -TRIGONOMETRY

1.
$$\sin \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{2u^2 - 4}}{u^2}$$
 2. $\frac{s}{\sqrt{r^2 + s^2}}$
3. $\tan(\pi - x) = \frac{\sin(\pi - x)}{\cos(\pi - x)} = \frac{\sin x}{-\cos x} = -\tan x$
4. $\sec y - \cos y = \frac{1}{\cos y} - \cos y = \frac{1 - \cos^2 y}{\cos y} = \frac{\sin^2 y}{\cos y} = \tan y \sin y$
5. $\tan x + \tan y = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\sin y}{\cos y} = \frac{\sin x \cos y + \sin y \cos x}{\cos x \cos y} = \frac{\sin(x + y)}{\cos x \cos y}$

6. $x = \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$

 $-\frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{6} \frac{2\pi}{3} \frac{2\pi}{2} \frac{\pi}{3} \frac{\pi}{6} \frac{\pi}{6} \frac{\pi}{3} \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{2\pi}{3} \frac{5\pi}{6} \pi$

8.



9.
$$\sec \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{13}}{3}$$

10.
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}, \pi, \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

11.
$$\frac{27\pi}{45}$$

12.
$$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

Topic VII - LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS

1.
$$x = a^b$$

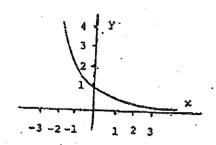
$$2. u = \frac{\log 4}{\log 3} = 1.26$$

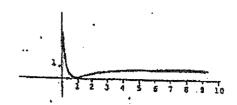
3.
$$x = \frac{1}{4}$$

4.
$$x = -\frac{23}{2}$$

5.
$$5 - \log_2 60$$

6.
$$\log(x^{3/2}y^4)$$





7.

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9.
$$x = 0$$

10.
$$x = 333$$

Topic VIII - WORD PROBLEMS

1.
$$x = y + 2$$

2.
$$l = 11\frac{2}{3}$$

$$x - 15 = 2(y - 15)$$

4, $7\frac{1}{3}$, $9\frac{2}{3}$

6.
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{3\pi}{8}, \frac{9\pi}{8}, \frac{11\pi}{8}$$

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